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Employment Effects of RE – Methods and Case Studies

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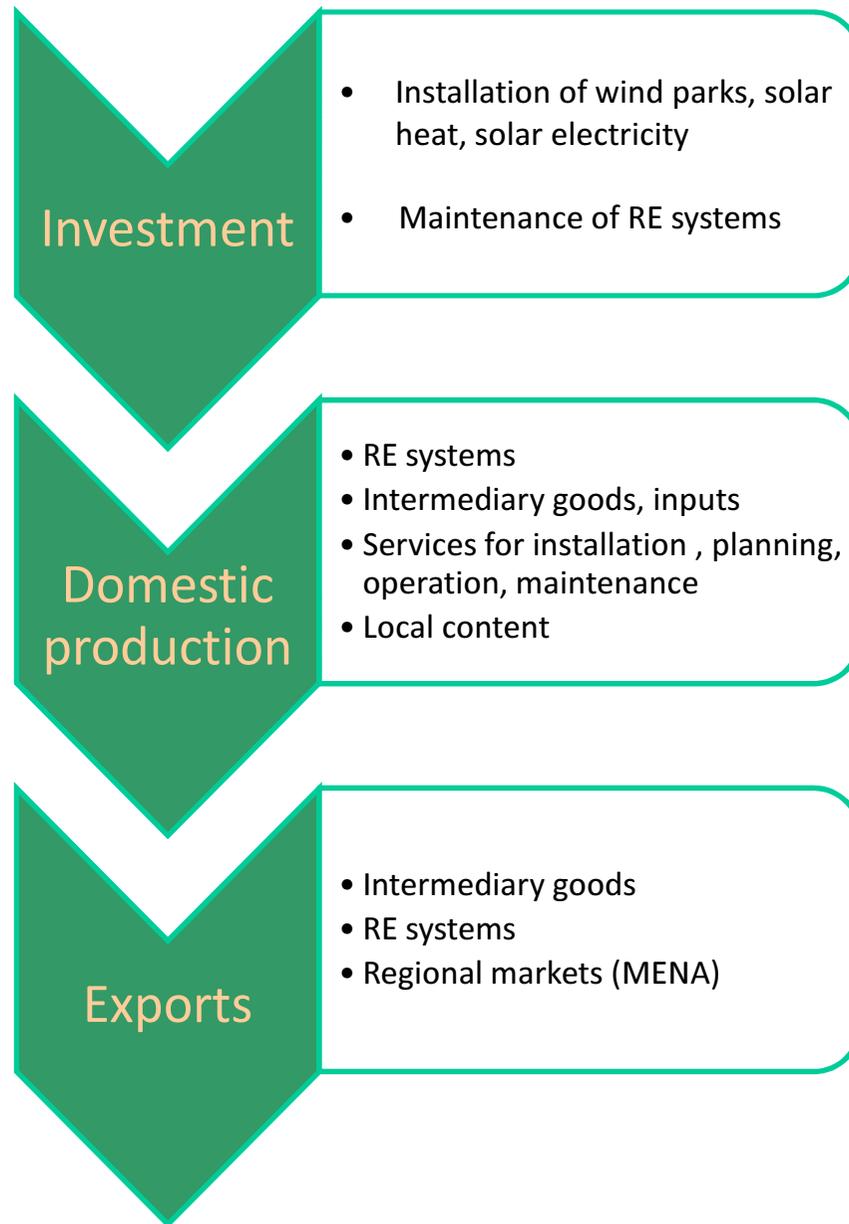


What drives employment in RE?

ELEMENTS OF EMPLOYMENT FROM RENEWABLE ENERGY

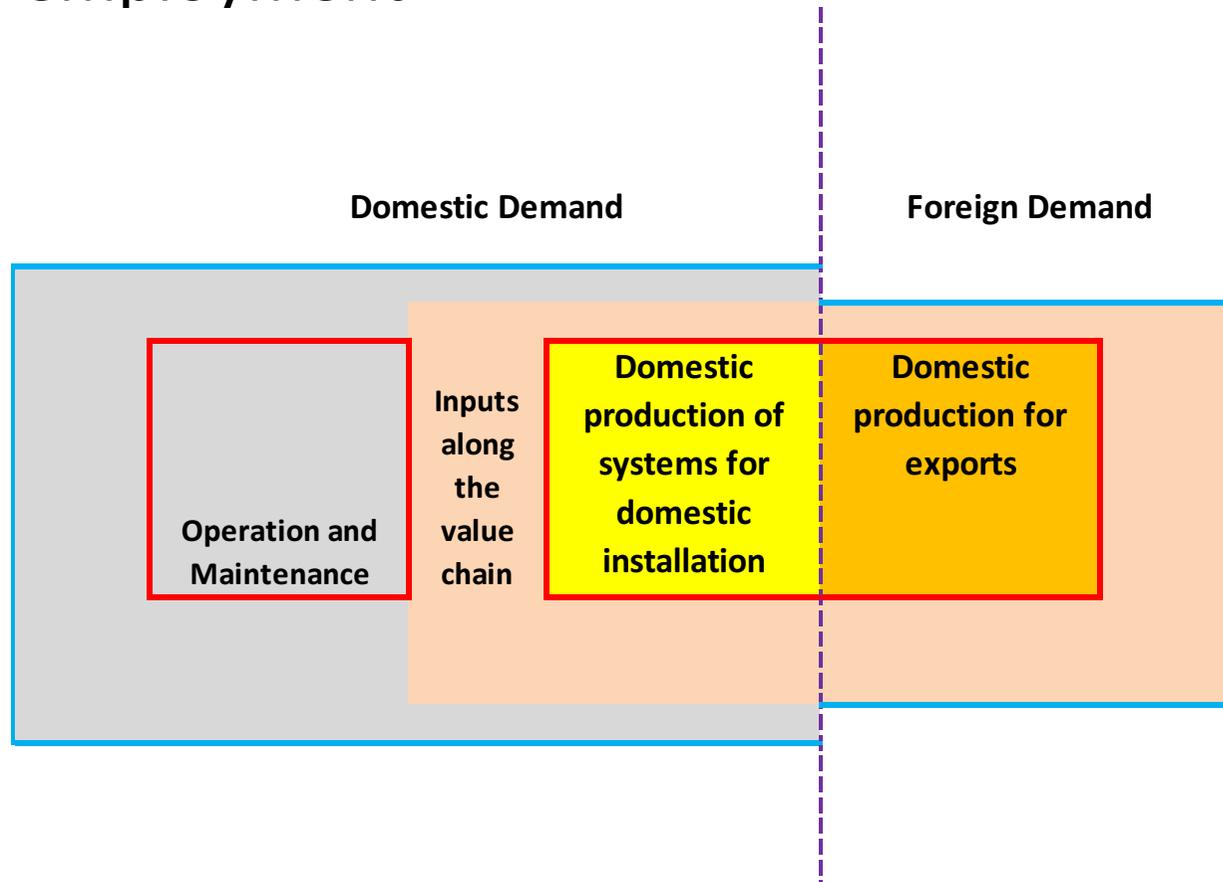
International experience shows that RE employment is driven by:

- ◆ Ambitious RE plans (domestic market)
- ◆ Development of the domestic industry (qualified work force and investment incentives)
- ◆ Stable framework conditions
- ◆ Export opportunities



How do we measure employment from RE? – Concepts and methods

Gross employment



-  Direct employment
-  Indirect employment
-  Gross employment

Domestic production along the value chain => Local content



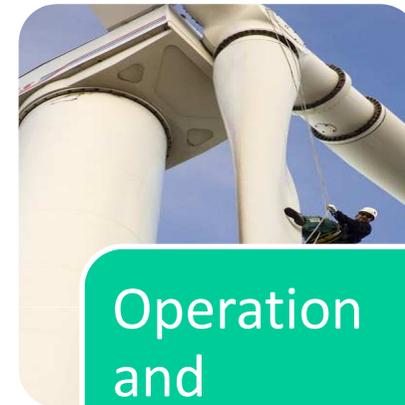
Intermediary goods:= inputs

- % imports PV
- % imports wind
- Etc.



Production of RET

- % imports PV
- % imports wind
- Etc.



Operation and Maintenance

- % domestic

German Experience (Monitored since 2004 by
consortium ZSW/GWS/DLR/DIW)

How do we quantify the effects for Germany?

Investment in Renewable Energy (RE), O&M
Export of RE facilities
Import of RE facilities

Base year 2007: statistical data, survey

Future: Scenarios

=> Resulting gross employment



Input-Output-Tables (extended with vectors for RE)

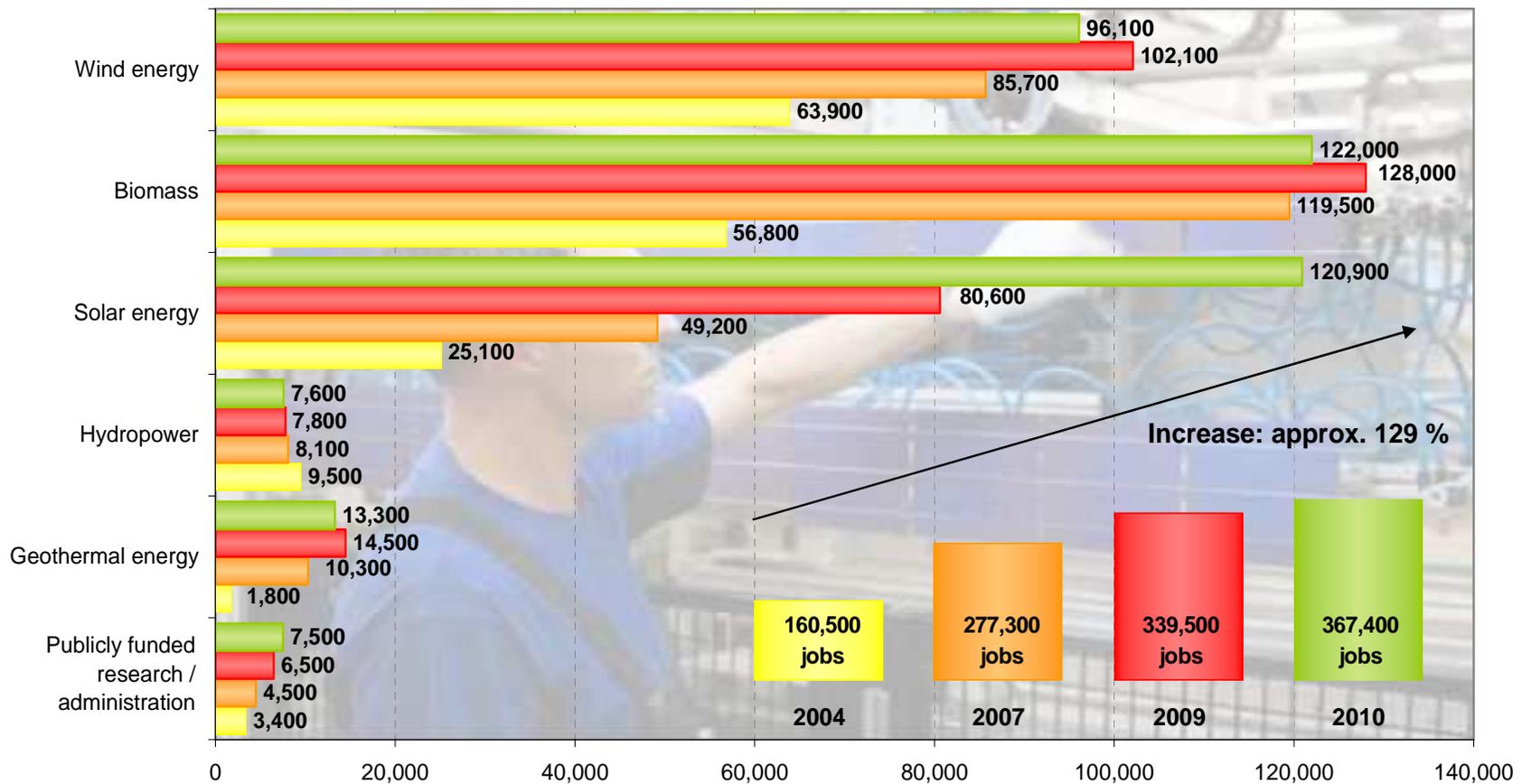
Impact on economic indicators, balance

= > net effect



Macro-econometric model: PANTA RHEI

Jobs in the renewable energy sources sector in Germany



Figures for 2009 and 2010 are provisional estimate; deviations in totals are due to rounding;

Source: O'Sullivan/Edler/van Mark/Nieder/Lehr: "Bruttobeschäftigung durch erneuerbare Energien im Jahr 20010 – eine erste Abschätzung", as at: March 2011; interim report of research project „Kurz- und langfristige Auswirkungen des Ausbaus erneuerbarer Energien auf den deutschen Arbeitsmarkt“; image: BMU / Christoph Busse / transit

Manufacturing of Systems and Components
15.2 billion €
 Of which 53 % domestic and 47 % export

Operation and Maintenance *
3.9 billion €
 Of which 100 % domestic
 * additional € 5.6 billion combustibles and fuel

Thereof Domestic Intermediate Inputs
 Equipment for generating, distributing, etc. electricity
907 million € **267 million €** **1.2 billion €**

Machines
671 million € **310 million €** **1 billion €**

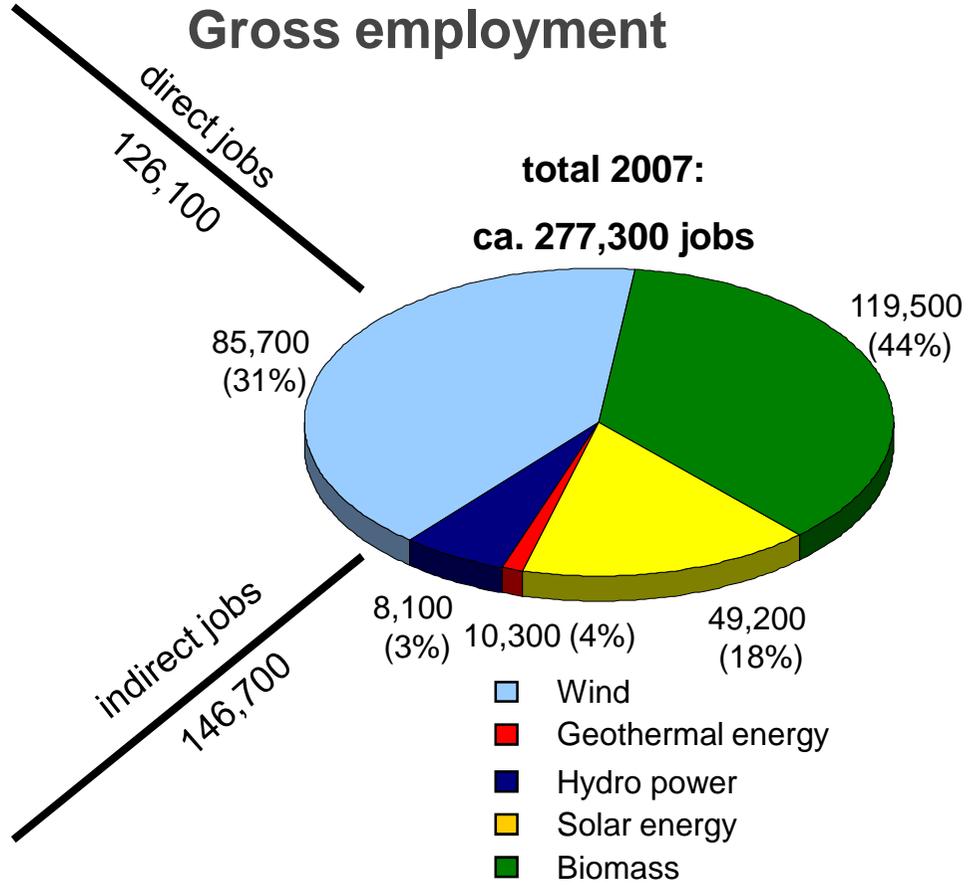
Business-related services
655 million € **142 million €** **0.8 billion €**

Metal products
474 million € **283 million €** **0.8 billion €**

Construction
439 million € **275million €** **0.4 billion €**

For information only: imported intermediate inputs € 1.1 billion

**From Input-Output Analysis:
 Direct + indirect employment =
 Gross employment**

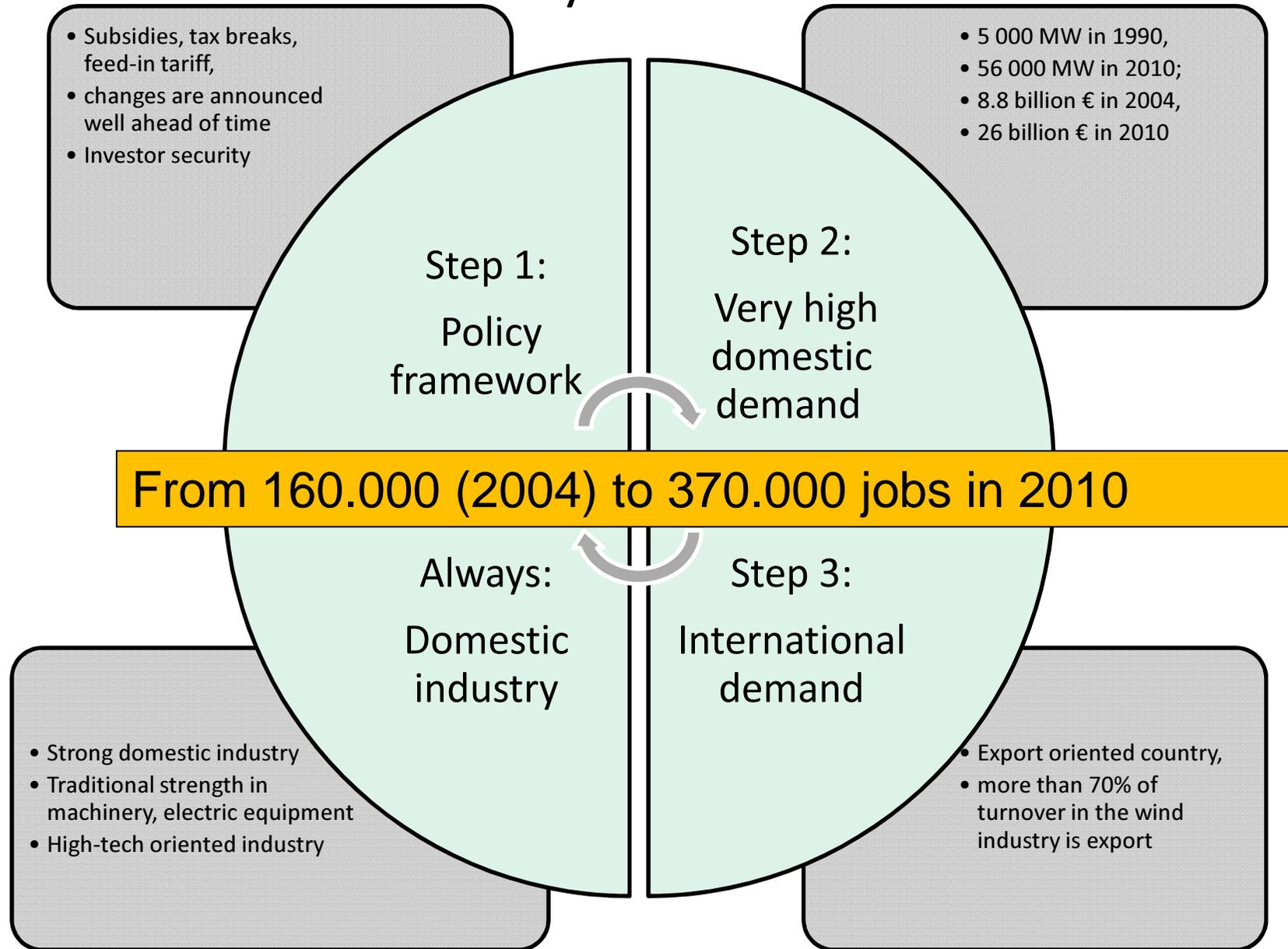


direct jobs
126,100

indirect jobs
146,700

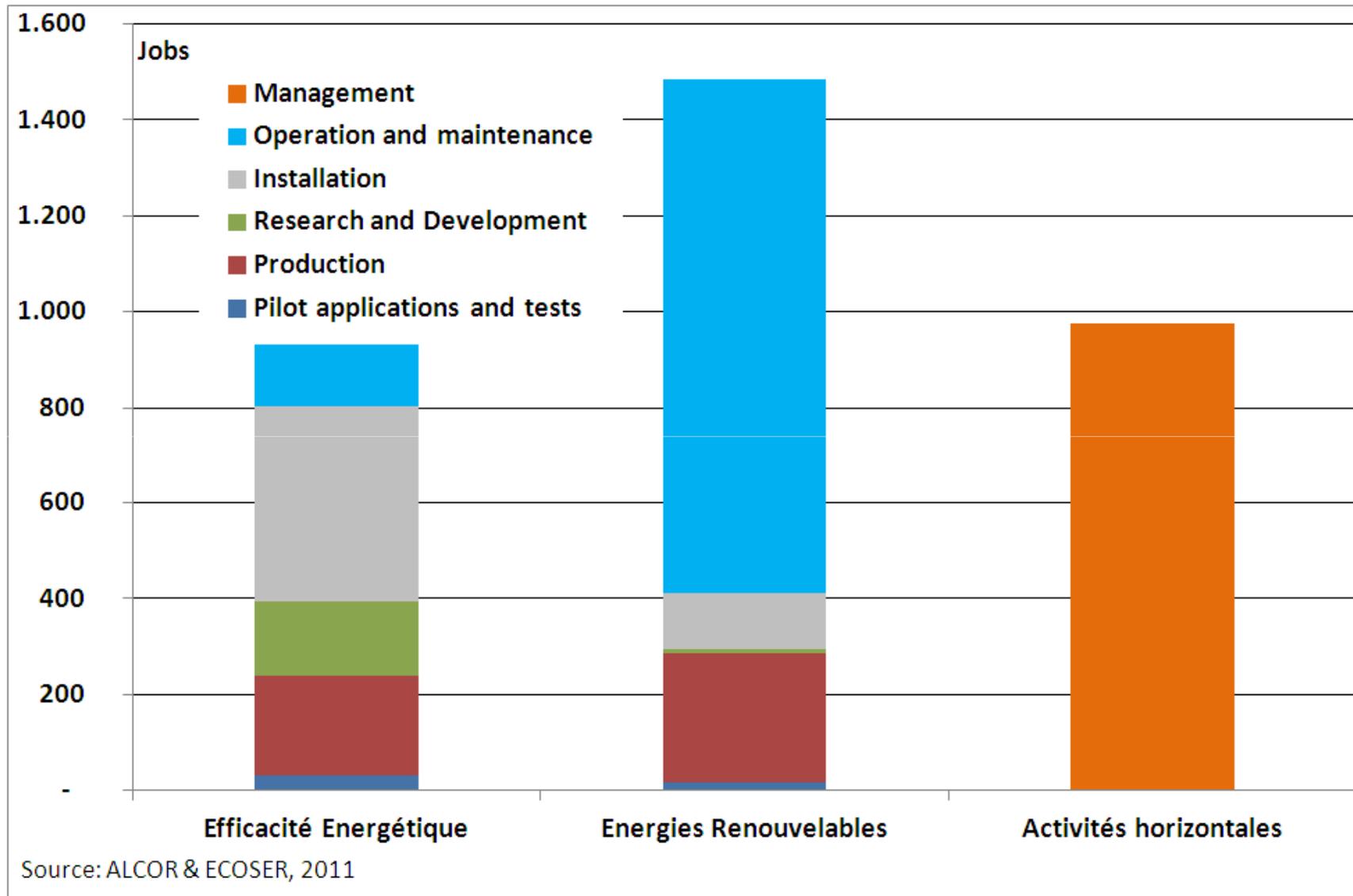
➔ **2008: 322,100**
2009: 339,500
2010: 367,000

Success factors: Germany



CASE STUDY TUNISIA: ADAPTING THE APPROACH TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

Employment from RES and efficiency 2005 – 2010



	Pilot application and tests	Production	Research and Development	Installation	Operation and maintenance	Management	Total employment 2005-2010
Program							
Energy efficiency	30	210	153	409	129		931
Renewable Energy	15	270	8	118	1.074	-	1.485
PROSOL Résidentiel		270	-	85	1.043		1.413
PROSOL Tertiaire	15	-	5	8	5		18
PROSOL Elec	-	-	-	22	5		27
Rural electrification	-	-	-				
Wind energy	-	-	3	3	21		27
Cross-sectional activities						975	975
Total	45	480	161	527	1.203	975	3.391



How do we quantify the effects for Tunisia?

Investment in Renewable Energy
(RE), O&M

Local content in production

Local content in O&M

Export possibilities

=> Resulting gross employment

Impact on economic indicators

GDP, Employment

Base year 2010: survey

Future: Scenarios

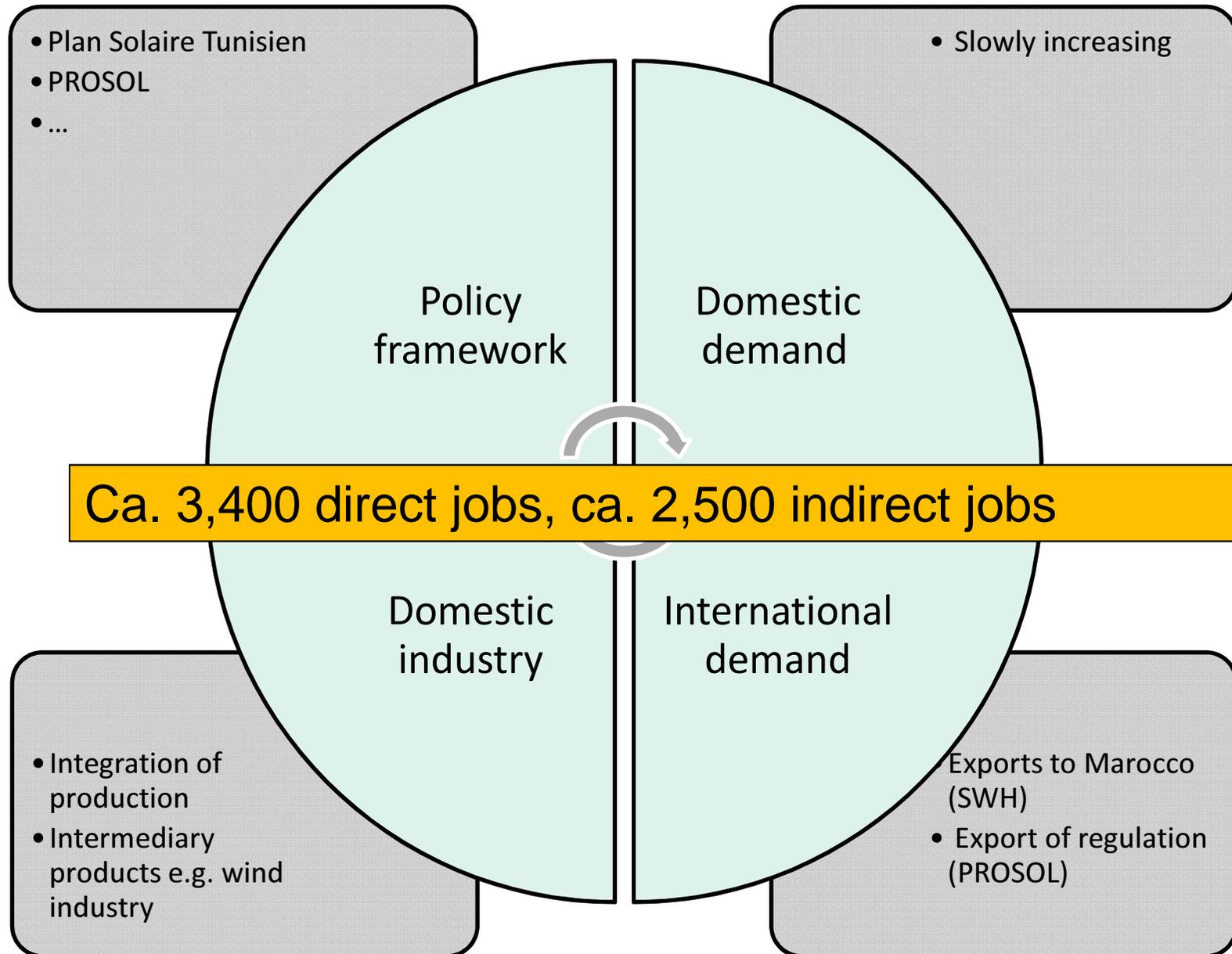
Combination of:

Local Input-Output-Tables for
Local production structures

International input vectors for RE

Small model, GDP, imports,
exports

MENA: the example of Tunisia



Thank you for your attention!

**For more:
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Tunisian Solar Plan

Targets for 2 time periods

The Tunisian Solar Plan aims at the provision of clean energy and at the diversification of energy supply

◆ Objectives 2016

- ⇒ *16% of electricity from RES* by 2016.
- ⇒ *24% reduction of primary energy consumption* by 2016.

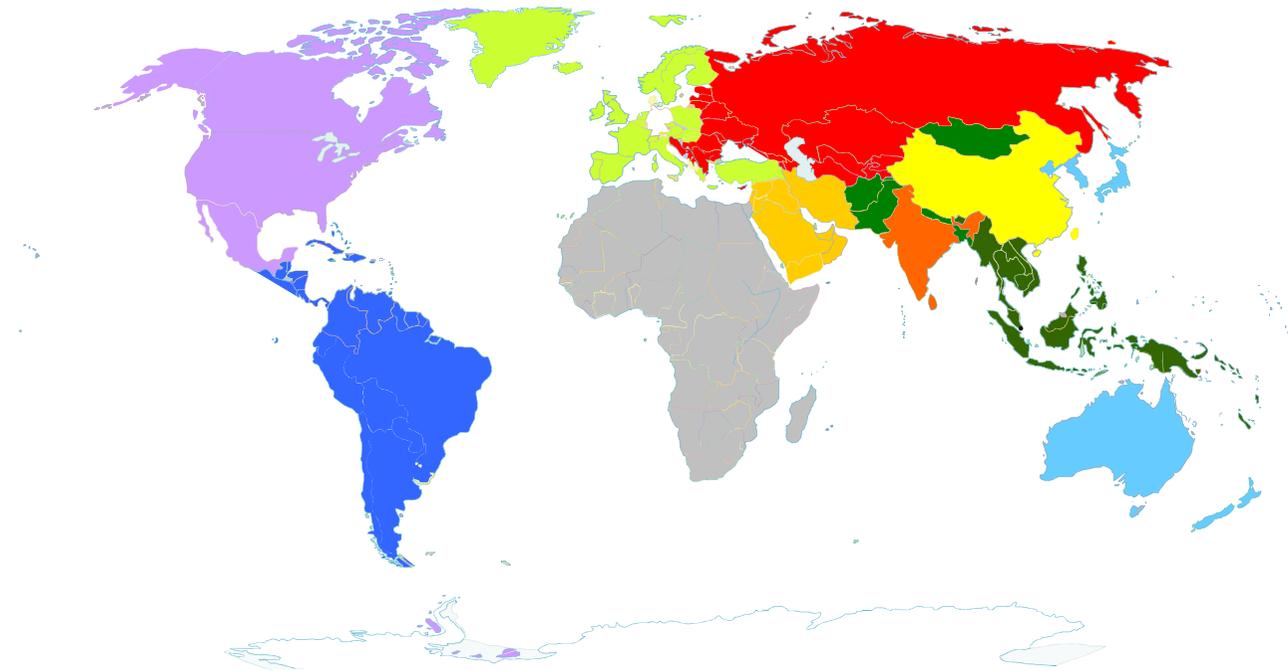
◆ Objectives 2030

- ⇒ *40% of electricity from RES* by 2030.
- ⇒ *40% reduction of primary energy consumption* by 2030.

North America	Investment in RES	in bil. €
Electricity	2020	87,92
	2030	85,41
Heat	2020	21,57
	2030	40,12

Europe without Germany	Investment in RES	in bil. €
Electricity	2020	39,87
	2030	42,71
Heat	2020	10,03
	2030	28,04

Transition countries	Investment in RES	in bil. €
Electricity	2020	17,01
	2030	24,69
Heat	2020	16,10
	2030	17,76



China	Investment in RES	in bil. €
Electricity	2020	48,25
	2030	81,41
Heat	2020	13,49
	2030	18,83

India	Investment in RES	in bil. €
Electricity	2020	19,76
	2030	33,95
Heat	2020	10,01
	2030	18,31

Other Asia	Investment in RES	in bil. €
Electricity	2020	15,34
	2030	26,25
Heat	2020	14,18
	2030	15,53

Lateinamerica	Investment in RES	in bil. €
Electricity	2020	20,99
	2030	30,53
Heat	2020	9,74
	2030	8,91

Africa	Investment in RES	in bil. €
Electricity	2020	8,33
	2030	21,29
Heat	2020	9,12
	2030	10,59

Middle East	Investment in RES	in bil. €
Electricity	2020	9,22
	2030	29,12
Heat	2020	10,70
	2030	13,45

Pazific	Investment in RES	in bil. €
Electricity	2020	14,74
	2030	21,07
Heat	2020	8,16
	2030	8,99